UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/609,690	07/05/2000	Handong Wu	252/110	4070
28875 Zilka-Kotab, Pe	7590 08/23/2007 C		. EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 7211 SAN JOSE, CA			GOLD, AVI M	
57 HV 30512, C71	193172-1120		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2157	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/23/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		M				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/609,690	WU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Avi Gold	2157				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may ly within the statutory minimum of the will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mile, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely ONTHS from the mailing date of this co ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 /	March 2007.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-18 and 30 is/are pending in the ap	plication.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1-18 and 30 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examino						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		• • •	, ,			
The bath of declaration is objected to by the L	Adminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action of form 1-1	0-132.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen 		. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documen		Application No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Stage			
application from the International Burea	•					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , , ,	ot received.	•			
Attachment(s)	 □					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		f Informal Patent Application (PTC)-152)			

Art Unit: 2157

DETAILED ACTION

The amendment received on March 9, 2007 has been entered and fully considered.

Response to Amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Irwin, U.S. Patent No. 6,393,026.

Irwin teaches the invention as claimed including a data packet processing system and method for a router which uses a packet switching software for routing data packets between data networks (see abstract).

Regarding claim 1, Irwin teaches an apparatus for processing data packets, comprising:

a first data processing unit adapted to filter incoming packets (col. 5, lines 46-52, col. 6, lines 5-8, Irwin discloses a data packet processing system that forwards packets and assigns a program counter);

an addressable memory unit in which a plurality of instruction sets for packet processing are stored (col. 6, lines 5-8, Irwin discloses a data packet processing system);

a second data processing unit adapted to process incoming packets according to one of said plurality of instruction sets after the filtering, based on a thread assigned to the incoming packets by the first data processing unit (col. 6, lines 5-16, Irwin discloses a thread assigned to the packets that allows the forwarding program to process the packets); and

a data bus connecting the addressable memory unit and the first and second data processing units. (col. 8, lines 49-52, Irwin discloses a processor bus).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2-16 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irwin in view of Kadambi, U.S. Patent No. 6,850,521.

Art Unit: 2157

Irwin teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a data packet processing system and method for a router which uses a packet switching software for routing data packets between data networks (see abstract).

As to claim 2, Irwin teaches the apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a table (col. 1, lines 32-57).

Irwin fails to teach the limitation further including a policy condition table connected to said first data processing unit, said policy condition table having a plurality of rules stored therein.

However, Kadambi teaches a method and apparatus for high performance switching of data packets in local area communications networks (see abstract).

Kadambi discloses a rules engine attached to the FFP (col. 31, lines 20-34).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Irwin in view of Kadambi to use a policy condition table connected to said first data processing unit, said policy condition table having a plurality of rules stored therein. One would be motivated to do so because it allows for rules to be applied to the filtering of packets.

As to claim 3, Irwin teaches the apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a table (col. 1, lines 32-57).

Art Unit: 2157

Irwin fails to teach the limitation further including a policy action table connected to said data bus and said addressable memory unit, wherein said policy action table stores at least one data processing policy.

However, Kadambi discloses a filtering logic (col. 35, lines 57-64).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Irwin in view of Kadambi to use a policy action table connected to said data bus and said addressable memory unit, wherein said policy action table stores at least one data processing policy. One would be motivated to do so because it allows for rules to be applied to the filtering of packets.

Regarding claim 4, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 3, wherein at least one of said policies comprises:

a first address pointer element for identifying the location in said addressable memory unit of one of said plurality of instruction sets (col. 35, lines 57-64, Kadambi discloses logic 1411 in the FFP 141 which points to instruction sets to take action), and

a second address pointer element for identifying the location in said addressable memory unit of a state block (col. 31, lines 20-34, Kadambi discloses the FFP which is essentially a state machine).

Regarding claim 5, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 3, wherein said first data processing unit assigns a thread to each said incoming packet, wherein

Art Unit: 2157

said thread corresponds to one of said policies stored in said policy action table (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 6, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 3, wherein said first data processing unit comprises logic for matching a first incoming packet to a stored first rule and for generating a first thread if the first incoming packet matches said first rule, said first thread identifying the location of one of said at least one data processing policies in said policy action table (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 7, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 6, wherein said second data processing unit is adapted to process the first incoming packet according to said data processing policy corresponding to said first thread (col. 31, lines 20-34, col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi discloses the use of FIFO in the FFP).

Regarding claim 8, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 6, wherein said data processing policy comprises a first address pointer to a starting address of a first set of instructions and a second address pointer to a starting address of a state block stored in said addressable memory unit, said state block used by said first set of instructions for processing the first incoming packet (col. 31, lines 20-34, col. 35, lines 57-64, Kadambi).

Art Unit: 2157

Regarding claim 9, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 6, wherein said thread is assigned to said first incoming packet based on said first rule (col. 30, lines 54-61, col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 10, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 6, wherein said first processing unit further comprises logic for matching a second incoming packet to a stored second rule and for generating a second thread if the second incoming packet matches the second rule, said second thread identifying the location of one of said at least one data processing policy in said policy action table (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi discloses different rules used in the filtering logic).

Regarding claim 11, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 10, wherein said second data processing unit is adapted to process the second incoming packet according to said data processing policy corresponding to said second thread (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 12, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 10, wherein said second thread is assigned to said second incoming packet based on said second rule (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 13, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 3, wherein said first processing unit further comprises logic for matching a plurality of incoming

Art Unit: 2157

packets to a stored corresponding plurality of rules and for generating a thread for each packet that matches one of said plurality of rules, each said thread identifying the location of one of said at least one data processing policy in said policy action table (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 14, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein the second data processing unit is adapted to process each packet according to said data processing policy corresponding to said thread associated with said packet (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi).

Regarding claim 15, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 13, further comprising a memory unit connected to said first data processing unit and to said second data processing unit, said memory unit adapted to temporarily store packets before processing by said second data processing unit (col. 31, lines 35-45, col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi discloses packets stored within FFP).

Regarding claim 16, Irwin and Kadambi teach the apparatus of claim 1, wherein said second data processing unit comprising a plurality of general purpose processors for executing instructions in parallel (col. 5, lines 46-54, Kadambi discloses a plurality of modular systems on chip for parallel processing)

Art Unit: 2157

Regarding claim 30, Irwin and Kadambi teach an apparatus for processing data packets, comprising:

a first data processing unit adapted to filter incoming packets (col. 5, lines 46-52, col. 6, lines 5-8, Irwin);

an addressable memory unit in which a plurality of instruction sets for packet processing are stored (col. 6, lines 5-8, Irwin);

a second data processing unit adapted to process incoming packets according to one of said plurality of instruction sets after the filtering, based on a thread assigned to the incoming packets by the first data processing unit (col. 6, lines 5-16, Irwin);

a data bus connecting the addressable memory unit and the first and second data processing units (col. 8, lines 49-52, Irwin);

wherein a policy condition table connected to said first data processing unit, said policy condition table having a plurality of rules stored therein (col. 31, lines 20-34, Kadambi);

wherein a policy action table connected to said data bus and said addressable memory unit, wherein said policy action table stores at least one data processing policy (col. 35, lines 57-64, Kadambi);

wherein said first data processing unit comprises logic for matching a first incoming packet to a stored first rule and for generating a first thread if the first incoming packet matches said first rule, said first thread identifying the location of one of said at least one data processing policies in said policy action table (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi);

Art Unit: 2157

wherein said second data processing unit is adapted to process the first incoming packet according to said data processing policy corresponding to said first thread (col. 30, lines 54-61, col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi);

wherein said data processing policy comprises a first address pointer to a starting address of a first set of instructions and a second address pointer to a starting address of a state block stored in said addressable memory unit, said state block used by said first set of instructions for processing the first incoming packet (col. 31, lines 20-34, col. 35, lines 57-64, Kadambi);

wherein said first processing unit further comprises logic for matching a second incoming packet to a stored second rule and for generating a second thread if the second incoming packet matches the second rule, said second thread identifying the location of one of said at least one data processing policy in said policy action table;

wherein said second data processing unit is adapted to process the second incoming packet according to said data processing policy corresponding to said second thread (col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi);

wherein a memory unit connected to said first data processing unit and to said second data processing unit, said memory unit adapted to temporarily store packets before processing by said second data processing unit (col. 5, lines 46-54, Kadambi);

wherein said second data processing unit comprising a plurality of general purpose processors for executing instructions in parallel (col. 5, lines 46-54, Kadambi);

wherein the apparatus includes a control logic unit coupled to an input and the policy condition table for feeding an arithmetic logic unit, which is in turn coupled to the

policy action table and the state block for generating an output (col. 31, lines 35-45, col. 35, lines 24-65, Kadambi)

5. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Irwin and Kadambi in view of Scales, U.S. Patent No. 5,761,729.

Irwin teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a data packet processing system and method for a router which uses a packet switching software for routing data packets between data networks (see abstract). Kadambi teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method and apparatus for high performance switching of data packets in local area communications networks (see abstract).

As to claim 17, Irwin and Kadambi teach the method of claim 16.

Irwin and Kadambi fail to teach the limitation further including at least one said general purpose processor comprising a complex instruction set computer processor.

However, Scales teaches a distributed computer system including a distributed shared memory (see abstract). Scales shows evidence of the use of a complex instruction set computer processor (col. 1, lines 63-67; col. 2, lines 1-7, 49-67; col. 3, lines 1-8, 41-63).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Irwin and Kadambi in view of Scales to use a complex instruction set computer processor. One would be motivated to do so because a complex instruction

Art Unit: 2157

set processor can perform several low-level operations and can deal with packet complexity.

As to claim 18, Irwin and Kadambi teach the method of claim 16.

Irwin and Kadambi fail to teach the limitation further including at least one said general purpose processor comprising a reduced instruction set computer processor.

However, Scales teaches a distributed computer system including a distributed shared memory (see abstract). Scales shows evidence of the use of a reduced instruction set computer processor (col. 1, lines 63-67; col. 2, lines 1-7, 49-67; col. 3, lines 1-8, 41-63).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Irwin and Kadambi in view of Scales to use a reduced instruction set computer processor. One would be motivated to do so because a reduced instruction set processor allows for rapid execution of a sequence of simple instructions.

Response to Arguments

6. In view of the appeal brief filed on March 9, 2007, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. New grounds of rejection are set forth above.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

Art Unit: 2157

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
 - (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,615,340 to Dai et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,647,418 to Maria et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,493,752 to Lee et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,253,321 to Nikander et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,262,776 to Griffits.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,675,218 to Mahler et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,983,270 to Abraham et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,627,829 to Gleeson et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,069,827 to Sinclair
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,065,065 to Murakami et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,167,445 to Gai et al.

Art Unit: 2157

U.S. Pat. No. 6,772,347 to Xie et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,675,218 to Mahler et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,647,418 to Maria et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Avi Gold whose telephone number is 571-272-4002. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:30 (1st Friday Off).

Page 14

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 571-272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Avi Gold

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2157

AMG